

128 Av. du Maréchal-de-Lattre-de-Tassigny 87045 Limoges Cedex - France Tel.: 05 55 06 87 87 - Fax: 05 55 06 88 88

Your usual Sales office Website www.legrand.fr

Product Environmental Profile Multistandard 2P+E socket with cover plate, plate and support frame – Céliane Programme

PEP conforme au Programme "PEP ecopassport" selon les règles PEP-AP001 (Informations sur le site internet du programme : www.pep-ecopassport.org). Les règles d'analyse du cycle de vie sont disponibles sur demandes auprès de l'entreprise.





Legrand's environmental commitments

> Incorporate environmental management into our industrial units.

At present, 81 % of units worldwide and 92 % of our European units are ISO 14001-certified.



> Involve the environment in product design.

Provide our customers with all relevant information (composition, consumption, end of life, etc.). Reduce the environmental impact of products over their whole life cycle.

> Offer our customers environmentally friendly solutions.

Develop innovative solutions to help our customers design installations that consume less energy, are better managed and more environmentally friendly.



Product description

> Reference products for this environmental profile

The given values are based on the following items.



Multistandard 2P+E socket - Céliane range screw terminals - 5/6/10/13A - 250V or 15A - 127V

Reference products



Cat. No. 671 58

Multistandard 2P+E socket mechanism



Cat. No. 802 51

2-module screw-type support frame



Cat. No. 681 39

Céliane multistandard 2P+E socket cover plate



Cat. No. 686 31

2-module Céliane plate

> Products covered by this product environmental profile

Environmental impacts of the reference products are representative of the products covered by this PEP, which therefore constitute a homogeneous environmental family.

Cat. Nos 671		802 50/51/52/53/54/59 /61/64/66/68/69	681 39	686 31/41/91 687 31/41/51
--------------	--	--	--------	------------------------------

PEP ecopassport n° LGRP-2011-166-v1-en

PEP ref.: A E2076 A_EN Last update 5/10/09 page: 1/5





Constituent materials

These products contain no substances forbidden by regulations applicable at the time of their market launch, excluding maintenance operations carried out during normal use.

Total weight of reference products:

108 g (unit packaging included)

Plastics as % of weight		Metals as % of weight		Other as % of weight	
Polycarbonate (PC)	23.00 %	Steel (Fe)	17.30 %	Titanium dioxide (TiO ₂)	1.15 %
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS)	11.40 %	Copper (Cu)	15.10 %	Glass fibre	0.70 %
Polyamide (PA 66)	5.75 %	Zinc (Zn)	6.90 %	Decabromodiphenyl Ether	0.35 %
Polyethylene terephthalate (PET)	1.95 %	Lead (Pb)	0.40 %		
Polyamide (PA 6)	0.90 %			Misc. other	0.15 %
Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	0.25 %			Packaging as % of weight	
				Cardboard	13.60 %
				Polypropylene (PP)	0.83 %
				Paper (50 % recycled)	0.04 %
		Misc.	0.20 %	Glue and ink	0.03 %
Total plastics	43.25 %	Total metals	39.90 %	Total other and packaging	16.85 %

Estimated recycled material content:

24 % by weight



Manufacture

These products are manufactured by a Legrand Group production unit which has received ISO 14001 environmental certification for design and manufacturing.



Distribution

Typical transport conditions

 On average this product covers 376 km by road transport from our production site to the nearest distributor to our customer.

Packaging

- The 15.6 g of packaging contains: 94 % cardboard and paper and 5.8 % Polypropylene (PP), the remainder being glue and ink.
- Recycling potential: 100 % by weight of packaging
- Energy recovery potential: 100 % by weight of packaging

The packaging has been designed in accordance with the current applicable regulations:

- Directive 94/62/EC concerning packaging and packaging waste
- Decree 98-638 transposing the Directive into French law.

Legrand undertakes to:

- Reduce its packaging at source as much as possible in terms of weight and volume, in accordance with its customers' needs.
- Produce packaging with a heavy metal content of <100 ppm and without deliberately introducing N-class environmentally hazardous substances.
- Design and use packaging that is convertible and where possible reusable.

PEP ecopassport n° LGRP-2011-166-v1-en

PEP ref.: A E2076 A_EN Last update 5/10/09 page: 2/5





Use

Use scenario

This product dissipates 238 mW of power under an 8A and 250V current, giving a total consumption of 257.1 Wh for 54 hours of use per year over a period of 20 years.

Consumable

No consumables are necessary to use the products.

Servicing and maintenance

Normal conditions of use of this type of product require no servicing or maintenance.



End of life

Legrand is involved in the provision of collection and treatment chains to facilitate the disposal of Waste Electronic and Electrical Equipment (WEEE). When designing equipment, our teams now take its end of life into account (marking, easy separation of parts, elimination of hazardous substances, etc.).

Product management

> Hazardous waste contained in the product:

This product contains no hazardous waste.

> Non-hazardous waste contained in the product:

This product contains 92 g of non-hazardous waste (plastics, metals, other)

> Recycling potential:

The recycling potential of a product is the percentage of material that can be recycled using existing techniques. It takes no account of the existence or lack of recycling chains, which are highly dependent on the local situation.

This product contains 98 % by weight of recyclable material (excluding packaging):

Plastic materials : 51 %Metal materials : 47 %

> Energy recovery potential:

Energy recovery consists in valorising the calories contained in waste by burning it and recovering the energy produced, for example, to heat buildings or to produce electricity. The process uses the convertible energy embodied in the waste.

This product contains 51 % by weight of materials that can be recovered for energy production (excluding packaging).





Environmental impacts

Methodology

The environmental impacts of the reference product are representative of the products covered by the PEP, which therefore constitute a homogeneous environmental family.

Assessment of the environmental impacts of the reference product concerns the following stages of the life cycle: raw materials, manufacture, distribution, and use.

The modelling assumptions for use are:

- Lifetime: 20 years
- This product dissipates 238 mW of power under an 8A and 250V current, giving a total consumption of 257.1 Wh for 54 hours of use per year over a period of 20 years.

Indicators (see glossary)	Overall M+D+U	Unit	Manufacture M	Distribution D	Use U
Depletion of natural resources	9.104E-15	Y-1	99 %	< 1 %	< 1 %
Total energy consumed	14.890	MJ	75 %	6 %	19 %
Consumption of water	6.690	dm ³	84 %	10 %	6 %
Contribution to the greenhouse effect	811.130	g~CO ₂	82 %	2 %	16 %
Contribution to the depletion of the ozone layer	4.764E-04	g~CFC-11	96 %	2 %	2 %
Contribution to the creation of photochemical ozone	0.341	g~C ₂ H ₄	80 %	6 %	14 %
Potential for acidification of the air	0.196	g~H ⁺	86 %	3 %	11 %
Production of hazardous waste	7.110E-03	kg	69 %	< 1 %	30 %

Modelling performed with EIME software, version 4.0 and its database in version 10.2 taken from the original 10 database. Modelling of use phase electricity consumption: "Europe" module

(*) Period of use identified for the assessment of the environmental impacts.

This period of use is different from the life expectancy of the product and does not constitute a minimum durability requirement. It is the quantified expression of a unit of service rendered.

The environmental impacts of products other than the reference product are generally proportional to product weight.





Glossary

Consumption of water

Contribution to the creation of photochemical ozone

Contribution to the depletion of the ozone layer

Contribution to the greenhouse effect

Convertible

Depletion of natural resources

Eco-solution

EIME

Energy recovery potential

Hazardous waste

LCA

Life cycle approach

Non-hazardous waste

Potential for acidification of the air

Production of hazardous waste

Recycling potential

Reference product(s)

Reusable

Total energy consumed

WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment)

Indicates the total water consumption for the whole life cycle of the product.

Indicates as $g\sim C_2H_4$ the gas emissions having an effect on the creation of photochemical ozone in the lower atmosphere (smog) under the effect of solar radiation.

Indicates what all the life cycle phases of the product release as CFC-11 gram-equivalents.

Indicates what all the life cycle phases of the product release as CO_2 gramequivalents. Example of the equivalence principle: 1 g of CO_2 = 1 g \sim CO₂; 1 g of CH_4 (methane) is equivalent to the effect of 64 g of CO_2 , etc.

Said of a product or packaging capable of being reused, recycled or from which it is possible to recover energy by incineration.

Indicates the depletion of natural resources, by considering the quantity of world reserves (minerals, fossils, etc.) for these resources and the current level of consumption. Expressed as a fraction of the reserves that disappear each year.

Products or services enabling the reduction of a building's environmental impacts.

Environmental Information and Management Explorer - Product environmental impact modelling software based on the life cycle assessment methodology.

% by weight of the product or packaging from which energy can be recovered. Energy recovery consists in valorising the calories contained in waste by burning it and recovering the energy produced, for example, to heat buildings or to produce

electricity. The process uses the convertible energy embodied in the waste.

This is specific waste having a certain level of toxicity and requiring special treatment. Its definition is codified by the European community

(Annex of Decision 2000/532/EC amended by Decisions 2001/118/EC and 2001/119/EC)

Compilation and assessment of inputs and outputs, as well as the potential environmental impacts of a product, or a system, during its life cycle, "from the cradle to the grave". This approach is described by standard ISO14040 and its related standards.

Method of taking

Method of taking into account all the life stages of a product (manufacture, installation, use and end of life) in order to determine the consequences for the environment.

This is made up of non-toxic waste and is of a similar nature to household waste. Its definition is codified by the European community

(Annex of Decision 2000/532/EC amended by Decisions 2001/118/EC and 2001/119/EC)

Indicates the potential for acidification of the air caused by the release of certain gases into the atmosphere. Expressed as H^+ ion gram-equivalent.

Indicates the weight of ultimate hazardous waste produced for the whole life cycle of the product.

% by weight of the product or packaging capable of being re-injected into a manufacturing circuit of the same product or another product.

Product (or product grouping) modelled in the presented LCA.

Said of a product or packaging capable of being used for the same function provided the product's proper functionality is verified by the person carrying out the

operation.

Indicates the total energy consumption in megajoules for the whole life cycle of the

product.

For products in the application area of the European Directive on Waste Electronic and Electrical Equipment (2002/96/EC), part of the product having to be treated

selectively in compliance with Annex II of the Directive.

PEP ecopassport n° LGRP-2011-166-v1-en